

# California Jungle Gardens



*Guzmania zahonii* (Colombia, Panama).\* Very ornamental plant with stripe-like, papery, olive-green leaves pencil-stripped maroon-red, the center tinted pink to coppery red; strong-branched inflorescence with pink to yellow bracts and white flowers. .... 5.00



*Tillandsia lindenii* var. *caeca*. (The varietal name means blind, i.e., without a white eye.) \*Attractive formal rosette of recurved linear channeled leaves green with red-brown pencil lines becoming more prominent toward base; inflorescence a long spike of flattened carmine-rose bracts with large royal-blue flowers of expanded open petals. \$3.50. In spike \$5.00.



*Vriesea splendens*. (B. Guiana). The Flaming Sword.\* Leathery rosette of slender bluish-green leaves marked with broad purple crossbands; underneath grayish with purple bands very bold; flower spike long and sword-shaped with flattened fiery-red bracts and yellow flowers. \$5.00



*Vriesea* x '*Mariae*.' The Painted Feather. A European-made hybrid between *V. Barilletii* and *V. carinata*. Many light green leaves in a full rosette. The tall spike is flattened to show bracts shading from a center section of red to chartreuse-yellow at the edges. The flowers are bright yellow tubes. Colorful for months. \$4.00  
In spike \$5.00

This list of bromeliads is the part of our collection that appears to be in sufficient stock to fill orders for the year beginning in May of 1967. Selections from it will build a fine representative collection for most growers. We have many other kinds that are either not yet established or in sufficient supply to list now. If you are interested, write for supplemental list. Twenty-five years of bromeliad experience is in back of our collecting.

No charge for packing. Minimum order \$10.00. We usually ship by surface mail, transportation collect. If you prefer railway express, or air mail, let us know. We ship world-wide at all times of the year.

We carry other tropical plants besides bromeliads. These include palms and cycads in sizes practicable to ship, ginger (Hedychium), and a vast collection of staghorn ferns mounted, or in four-inch pots. Ask for special listings of these plants.

Our nursery is interesting to visit. Many of our lovely and beautiful specimens are too large to ship, but well worth seeing.

The greatest cultural error in growing bromeliads? In our observation, letting the plants be loose in their containers. Like orchids, staghorn ferns, and many other epiphytes, they like to be tightly held. Bromeliads hang on to their resting places with great tenacity, and must be torn off, or pried off, to capture them. Regardless of the medium used, pot firmly while maintaining drainage.

#### AECHMEA

- x 'Bert'. Stocky rosette of short leathery leaves matte green marked with irregular purplish-brown cross-bands, heavy dark spines; arching inflorescence with dense head of red bracts and pale flowers.\* 3.50
- x 'Black Prince'. Very dark maroon under leaves and leaf margins. A strong handsome plant with many-berried, long-lasting spike. 5.00
- x 'Burgundy'. Soft-leathery, tubular rosette with concave leaves bronzy-green to coppery-wine-red or burgundy, glossy on both sides, margined by red-brown up-curving spines; flowers milk-white with purple petals.\* Frost hardy. 7.50
- caudata (S. E. Brazil). Robust rosette to 4 ft. high with leathery leaves 4 to 5 in. wide, glossy green, with weak marginal spines; inflorescence on wiry stem a pyramidal panicle with orange-yellow bracts and deep-yellow flowers.\* 3.00
- caudata variegata (Brazil). Big sparry rosette of rich green stiff leaves broadly banded creamy-yellow; bold inflorescence with white-mealy stem and panicle of yellow bracts and golden-yellow flowers.\* 4.00
- chantinii (Venezuela, Amazonas, Amazonian Peru). Colorful open rosette of hard olive-green leaves with pronounced pinkish-gray cross-bands; inflorescence on branched spike with tight red bracts tipped yellow subtended by red bract leaves.\* 6.00
- coelestis (S. E. Brazil). Rosette of 12-20 narrow, leathery, gray-green leaves 18 in. long, with few marginal spines, the reverse with gray-white crossbands; paniculate inflorescence 12 in. long with yellowish bracts, white calyx and blue corolla petals.\* 3.00
- distichantha (So. Brazil, Bolivia to Argentina). Upright dense rosette of stiff gray leaves; inflorescence a robust spike with faded rose bracts and purplish blue flowers.\* 3.00

AECHMEA

- distichantha* var. *Glaziovii*. A smaller plant with a more compact and leafy rosette. A fine improvement on the last.\* 3.50
- filicaulis* (Venezuela). Open rosette with grass-green, thin-leathery, strap-shaped, oblanceolate leaves glossy on both sides and with dark mottling; tiny soft marginal spines; long pendulous flowering panicles on snaky, string-like axis with distant, red bract leaves and white flowers.\* 4.50
- fulgens* *discolor* (Pernambuco). Free-growing rosette of soft-leathery dark olive-green leaves purple beneath, covered on both sides with glaucous gray crossbands; produces showy spikes with oval red berries tipped with violet flowers.\* 2.50
- lasseri* (Venezuela). Formal rosette of broad green leaves turning reddish in the sun; inflorescence a pendulous white flocculose spike with greenish-white flowers.\* 2.00
- lueddemanniana* var. *rubra* (So. America). Stiff rosette with metallic green leaves mottled dark green and bronze base; flower spike with panicle of white berries turning a beautiful bright purple after flowering; petals lavender.\* 4.50
- ~~*miniata* x *calyculata*. A very useful and dependable plant. Easy to flower. Slender, leathery tube of leaves, green above, purple beneath. The red, panicked spike surprises with bright yellow flowers.~~ 4.00
- miniata* x *weilbachii*. An important hybrid because of frost tolerance, large bold size, beautiful shiny leaves, burgundy underneath, and large many-berried, long-lasting spike. A beautiful and outstanding bromeliad. 7.50
- nudicaulis* *aureo-rosea* (So. Brazil). Close rosette of soft leathery, glossy deep green foliage having a natural fold near base of leaf; small flower spike with bright red bracts and flowers.\* 2.00
- orlandiana* (Espirito Santo). Showy rosette with bright yellow-green leaves with bizarre chocolate cross-banding and heavy black spines; arching orange spike with salmon-scarlet bracts and ivory flowers.\* 4.00
- pectinata* (Brazil: Rio to Santa Catarina). Attractive, shapely and robust, open rosette with broad, recurving leaves tapering to a point, green and shiny, faintly darker mottled, the reverse with close gray pencil lines, margins wavy with a few dark spines, the leaves become tinged reddish pink in full light; inflorescence a dense, elongate head like a small pineapple with the terminal tuft of leaves, wholly green.\* 3.00
- penduliflora* (Costa Rica to Peru). Epiphyte with straplike leaves glossy green turning maroon in strong light; inflorescence a leaning spike with spreading panicle of whitish berries with blue flowers. Syn. *Ae. schultesiana*.\* 3.00
- purpurea-rosea* (Rio de Janeiro). Hard tubular rosette deep green with pronounced black spines; inflorescence a mealy-coated stem with long panicle of rosy-red bracts and lavender flowers.\* 3.00
- racinae* (Espirito Santo). 'Christmas Jewels,' so-called because of the striking orange-red berrylike inflorescence with yellow and black flowers, on pendant stem; shiny, friendly green, straplike leaves.\* 3.00
- ramosa* (So. Brazil). Large symmetrical rosette composed of many leathery medium green leaves coated with gray scurf; inflorescence a vermilion-red spike with loose panicle of greenish-yellow berries and yellow flowers.\* 4.00
- ~~*recurvata* (Uruguay, So. Brazil). Close rosette of lanceolate, dark green rigid leaves recurving, 12-15 in. long with violet base and spiny margins, silvery-scaly beneath; inflorescence 8 in. high, protruding above foliage, nearly globular, with bracts and sepals red, petals red-purple.\*~~ 2.00

## AECHMEA

- recurvata benrathii* (Santa Catarina). Tillandsia-like small rosette with narrow channeled, recurved leaves, glossy dark green overlaid with silver dust; silvery spots beneath; inflorescence in center with bract leaves dark purplish-red and lavender flowers.\* 2.00
- x 'Tam Star'. Strong-growing and frost-hardy. *Ae. distichantha* crossed with a wine-leaved *Aechmea* for color and style. A wonderful accent for semi-tropical gardens. 6.00
- tillandsioides* var. *kienastii* (No. Brazil, Venezuela, B. Guiana). Small epiphytic rosette with narrow, leathery, grayish leaves armed with marginal spines; inflorescence with serrated floral bracts green, yellowish or red; flower petals yellow, followed by berries first white than blue.\* 2.50
- victoriana discolor* (Brazil: Espirito Santo). Attractive rosette found by Foster growing on rocks near Victoria, which differs from the all apple-green leaves of the type by its bronzy-red color on the underside; inflorescence on erect spike, with minute floral bracts, sepals yellow with red tips and petals purple with white margins.\* 2.00
- victoriana*. Like the last except without the bronze-red color of the underside. 2.00
- weilbachii leodiensis* (Rio). Attractive rosette of oblanceolate coppery-green leaves wine-red beneath, and spined, inflorescence on panicle with glowing crimson bracts and orchid-colored ovaries and flowers.\* 2.50
- weilbachii*. Like the last except the wine-red under leaves. 2.50

## BILLBERGIA

- euphemiae* (So. Brazil). Stiff tubular plant with gray-scurfy, green leaves and gray crossbands; rosy bracts and pendant blue flowers.\* 2.00
- pyramidalis* var. *pyramidalis* (Brazil). Vase-shaped rosette with thin-leathery, glaucous, dark green leaves, and faint gray banding beneath; inflorescence on upright cluster of scarlet flowers tipped blue; bract leaves red. Selected variety 'Broadview'.\* 3.00
- pyramidalis* 'Striata'. An attractive seedling clone raised by M. Foster 1950, from the species collected in Brazil; has broad tomentose blue-green leaves not glabrous yellow-green as in the type and are striated and variegated at margins with cream; flowering in winter not summer as *B. pyramidalis* var. *pyramidalis*.\* 3.00
- venezuelana*. In our opinion the most spectacular of all the billbergia. The curving floral structure bursts downward like the display of a great sky-rocket. The lovely bracts are pink, the sepals white, and the petals chartreuse. 4.00
- x *Windii*. A delightful small, Belgium hybrid between *decora* and *amoena*. Flowers freely with intensely red bracts. 3.00

## CANISTRUM

- ~~*ingratum x roseum*. One of the great bromeliads that has been grown in So. California for the last 25 years. A well-grown plant is 3 ft. in diameter. The green leaves are beautifully mottled in dark green. Red spines along the leaf margins. The large plate-size floral rosette is a beautiful mahogany brown. Established offshoots.~~ 10.00

## HOHENBERGIA

*stellata* (Brazil, Venezuela). This large magnificent plant is the most ornamental of the genus. The many broad light-green leaves form an imposing rosette from which arises a rod-like spike producing a bizarre floral arrangement of compact imbricated clusters that are red-edged and from which bright blue flowers emerge. Most exotic, beautiful, and long lasting. 8.50

## GUZMANIA

~~*angustifolia* (Panama). Short, sharply pointed, reddish leaves. The floral structure develops as a crimson cone.\* 2.50~~

*berteroniana* (Puerto Rico). Formal rosette of wine-red or sometimes fresh green, thin leathery leaves with showy inflorescence in form of a tight cylindrical head of scarlet bracts with yellow flowers.\* 4.00

*dissitiflora* (Costa Rico, Panama, Colombia). Shapely rosette with recurving linear leaves 1 to 3 ft. long, light green with fine length-stripes, the base brownish, dotted scaly beneath; erect inflorescence with bright red scape-bracts and floral bracts, and tubular flowers with white petals.\* 4.00

*Donnell-Smithii* (Costa Rica). Dense rosette of long, narrow, red-penciled leaves. Beautiful floral structure on erect stalk. 5.00

*monastachia* (tricolor) (W. Indies, C. America to Brazil). Formal rosette of thin-leathery bayonet shaped yellow-green leaves; inflorescence a stiff spike with bracts salmon-red striped brown, and white flowers.\* 4.00

*lingulata* (C. America to Guiana, Para, Mato Grosso, Ecuador, Bolivia). Striking epiphytcal rosette from the rain forest, with smooth metallic green leaves, forming a showy, raised head of leathery, brilliant fiery-red bracts, with a contrasting center of hooded, waxy orange-red inner floral bracts tipped yellow to white, and with white flowers.\* 6.00

x *lingulata magnifica*. A magnificent epiphyte when the inflorescence develops its stalked star-like, raised 6 in. head of brilliant scarlet, leathery bracts lasting from Nov. to April, flowers white; soft leaves green with reddish lines.\* 5.00

*lingulata minor*. Small, clustering rosette of strap-like, thin-leathery, yellowish green leaves, with maroon pencil lines starting at base and diminishing toward tip; long floral bracts bright orange-red, and small white flowers.\* 3.00

~~*musaica* (Colombia). Showy rosette of broad pea green leaves marked with crossbands consisting of multiple wavy lines dark green to red-brown; underneath purplish with lines much darker; flower spike with red-lined bract leaves, the head with orange-red bracts, and golden flowers tipped with white.\* Small plants of this species. 3.50~~

*nicaraguensis*. A medium sized plant with thin, longitudinal red stripes against the green leaves. A red cone of bracts forms first in the heart of the rosette from which the spike breaks. A rarity. 4.00

*zahnii*. See cover page. 5.00

## NIDULARIUM

x '*Cloro-marechalii*'. Open rosette of soft-spined coppery-green leaves; at blooming time the center cup is magenta-red and flowers white.\* 6.00

## NIDULARIUM

- Burchelli (Brazil). This plant climbs as do some of the Neoregelias. The leaf rosettes are dull purple-red and grow up from the slender wire-like extensions of the trunk at intervals of every few inches. This plant should be mounted on a plaque or on a raft. 3.00
- hybrida. European origin. Dull green, wide leaves. Secondary rosette a pretty orange red. 6.00
- fulgens (S. E. Brazil). Showy rosette with numerous flattened shiny leaves pea green with dark mottling and conspicuous spines; inflorescence cup in center bright crimson tipped Nile-green, flowers blue. \* 4.00
- x 'Francois Spae'. A large plant entirely green and very striking at time of bloom when the center cup turns a brilliant rose-pink. 7.50
- procerum var. kermesianum (Brazil). Large colorful plants. 20" in diam. Leaves wine-red beneath, green above. 4.00
- x Madame Morobé. One of the great Belgium hybrids. A vigorous plant with the underside of the green leaves a beautiful purplish maroon. When in flower the central rosette is a long-lasting bright cerise. 10.00
- x Souvenir de Casmir Morobé. Large wide-leaved rosette. The floral rosette a beautiful red. 7.50
- innocentii var. innocentii (Brazil). Large showy rosettes of dark metallic purple to almost black; glossy beneath; the floral structure a cupped rosette of rusty-red leaves with white flowers. \* 5.00
- innocentii var. striatum (Brazil). Stocky rosette of broad light green recurved leaves striped lengthwise with yellow-ivory; finely toothed margins; white flowers deep in carmine-tipped center cup. \* 5.00
- Innocentii var. Paxianum (Brazil). Open rosette with broad, lanceolate leaves to 3 ft. long, dilated at base, like soft parchment, waxy grass-green and edged with small green spines, reverse shining green; inflorescence on a 1 ft. stalk with striking purplish bract leaves, the floral bracts bright red with blue flowers. 3.00
- Scheremetieuri. Numerous stiff narrow leaves. Secondary floral rosette a wine-red. 3.00

## NEOREGELIA

- The following four species are dwarf types. They crawl around or climb with long wire-like stolons, and make delightful colonies.
- ampullacea (Brazil). Like an ampule. Small tubular form. Shiny green leaves. Suckers freely. 2.00
- ampullacea var. tigrina. Very dwarf. Dull green leaves spotted in reddish-brown. 2.00
- ampullacea var. punctitissima. Small rosette of shiny leaves heavily spotted and blotched with burgundy. 2.00
- species. Thin narrow leaves with silver-gray frosting under leaf. 2.00
- Carolinae (Brazil). An especially selected type of this well-known bromeliad. A consistent and persistent plant to flower. The clarity, brilliance, and extent of the red of the leaves and rosette, and the suffused extension of the color to the tips, makes this plant very exceptional. 6.50

NEOREGELIA *macrosepala*.

- x 'Thelma Hodge'. ~~A hybrid of unknown parentage and~~ The greatest neoregelia that we have seen. 30 in. in diameter when well-grown. Broad leaves 3 in. in width. Easy to flower, and when it does the cerise red that suffuses the central rosette is of an intense brilliance. 7.50  
~~10.00~~
- carolinae 'Meyendorffii'. Broad rosette of flat olive green leaves with coppery tinting; at flowering time the inner leaves turn a dark maroon; flowers lilac deep in center.\* 5.00
- microps. Slender, narrow red-wine leaves form an erect tube 20 in. high. 3.00
- ~~'species 1885'. A species imported by Flandria Belgium, and noteworthy because of the terrific bright color of lavender purple over olive green in good light; rosette of broad, thin leathery leaves with black spines and some silvery scales outside. Possibly N. johannis rubra.\*~~ ~~5.00~~
- zonata (Espirito Santo). Shapely rosette of hard-fleshy broad leaves olive green and heavily marbled and banded wine-red on both sides; flowers deep in center cushion, pale blue.\* 2.50

TILLANDSIA

- aeranthos (syn. dianthoidea) (Uruguay, Argentina, Brazil). Branching, caulescent plant to 9 in. with broad but quickly tapering narrow, concave leaves, grayish-green with purplish tinting and silvery scurf; inflorescence spike with 5-20 blue flowers and bracts purplish rose.\* 1.00
- ~~brachycaulos. A small form of this variable plant. (So. Mexico and Central Am.) Xerophytic epiphyte, rosette 6 in. high, with numerous stiff, channeled, recurving leaves 3/4 in. wide and to 10 in. long, red above at flowering time, grayish-green beneath, minutely scurfy, and exceeding the short inflorescence, a sessile head with leaf-like bracts, almost hiding the violet petals.~~ ~~2.00~~
- capitata (Mexico). Rosette with leathery, concave, tapering leaves recurving, light grayish-green covered with silvery coating, margins purplish-red; at blooming time foliage turns reddish, the inflorescence a green head the size of a fist, the flowers mostly covered by long tapering bracts.\* 2.00
- caput-medusae (Mexico and south). Attractive small rosette with bulb-like base; thick channeled, tapering and twisting leaves glistening with silky-gray hairs; short panicles with pale blue flowers.\* 2.50
- ~~decomposita (Brazil: Mato Grosso; Bolivia, Paraguay, Argentina). Curious xerophytic epiphyte with elongate stem bearing narrow, rather rigid, silver-gray leaves curved in various directions and with tips spirally rolled; inflorescence to 2 ft. long, with lavender, fragrant flowers.\* Large plants.~~ ~~7.50~~
- x 'Emilie'. Barry hybrid of T. lindenii var. caeca (all-blue flowers) x cyanea. Of compact habit as in cyanea but inflorescence more slender with bracts of iridescent watermelon pink; leaves yellow-green with basal section in contrasting red-brown.\* 4.00
- ionantha var. ionantha (Mexico). A diminutive round pompon of fine wire-like gray leaves. Very pretty and novel. 2.00
- juncea (reed-like) (Florida, W. Indies, Mexico, Brazil to Peru). Erect rosette dense with numerous wiry-awl-shaped, concave leaves 1 ft. long, olive green tinged with copper, reverse covered with short silvery hair clusters; erect spike, 2-ranked with scaly bracts, and bluish-purple petals.\* 1.50

## TILLANDSIA

- lindenii* var. *caeca* (Peru). (The varietal name means blind, i.e., without a white eye.) Attractive formal rosette of recurved linear channeled leaves green with red-brown pencil lines becoming more prominent toward base; inflorescence a long spike of flattened carmine-rose bracts with large royal-blue flowers of expanded open petals. See front cover. 3.50
- lindenii*. The originally described species with large white eye in center of blue, expanded petals. 5.00
- northecioides* (Ecuador). A rare species. Thin flat, wire-like leaves spread 12 in. The 12 in. spike produces white fragrant flowers that open into a three-petalled star. 2.50
- Baileyi* (Texas and Mexico). Long narrow twisting leaves arise from a bulbous base and to height of 12 in. 2.00
- andicola* (Argentina). Frost hardy. Small gray-brown terete, distichous leaves. 2.00
- flexuosa* (So. Florida to So. Am.). Collected by us in Panama. Hard rosette with leaves starting off at the base with a twist, broad but tapering, thick leathery, concave, silvery gray over green, with indistinct silver bands outside; 2-ranked inflorescence with rose bracts and ruby flowers.\* 2.50
- ~~*jucunda* (Argentina). Frost hardy. Like a large *T. stricta* in form. -2.00~~
- Gardneri* (Argentina, So. Brazil). Very dense rosette of silvery scaly leaves. Attractive short spike densely crowded with small silvery bracts. Rose petals. 3.00
- vestita*. Much like *T. schiedeana* but green with silvery scales. 2.00
- unca* (Argentina). Makes a small dark brown rosette resembling *T. ionantha*. Flowers on erect wire-like stalk. 2.00
- ~~*vernica* (Argentina). Many leaved small brown scaly rosette. Hardy. -2.00~~
- setacea*. Much like *T. juncea* but silvery gray. 1.50
- streptophylla* (Mexico). Leaves in dense basal rosette with sharply recurved leathery leaves gradually tapering to a coiling tip; gray-green thickly covered with silvery scurf, turning red-purple in strong light; branched inflorescence with rosy bracts and lilac flowers.\* 2.00
- karwinskyana* (Mexico). Xerophytic rosette dense with 20-30 leaves 1 ft. long, narrowed from a broad base 1 in. wide to a long-linear blade, light green and more smooth on the surface, scurfy on underside; the inflorescence a lax, wiry stalk bearing a simple, 2-ranked spike with glossy green sepals and lilac petals.\* 2.00
- schiedeana* (Antilles, Mexico to Colombia). Stiff, gray, erect grass-like leaves; flowers on individual spikes, with snug red bracts and yellow flowers at tip.\* 1.50
- ~~*stricta* (Brazil, Paraguay, Argentina, Guiana, Venez.). Small rosette becoming caulescent, with narrow, thin-leathery, tapering leaves recurving, green with silvery scurf, and short-stalked inflorescence with red-tinged bracts and flowers deep violet turning to red.\* -1.50~~
- flabellata* (Mexico). One of the finest Tillandsias. Large plant 15 in. wide, with many slender, flat-green leaves from which arises an 18 in. spike with many branches of red bracts. Frost hardy, spectacular, and freely suckering 5.00



TILLANDSIA

valenzuelana (wide distribution). Epiphytic rosette with recurving, rigid leaves to 15 in. long, narrowly triangular, tapering from 1 in. wide to a slender point, and covered with gray scales; the leafy inflorescence with inflated, rose, scurfy bracts with spreading spikes having rosy sepals and lilac petals.\*

2.50

PORTEA

petropolitana extensa (Espirito Santo, Rio). Slenderly tall rosette of yellow-green leaves with black spines. Inflorescence a striking coral-red arching stalk, the brilliant coloring extending to slender green ovaries, tipped purple, flowers lilac. The floral display lasts for months.

4.00

QUESNELIA

arvensis (Sao Paulo). Formal rosette of leathery green leaves with gray cross-bands and black spines; inflorescence a thick stalk with dense head of rose-pink bracts and blue and white flowers.\*

4.50

lateralis (Mts near Rio). A rarity in a small tubular form with delicate colorful panicle in blues and reds.

2.50

marmorata (Rio). Until recently called Aechmea marmorata. The Grecian Urn Plant. The tall, stiffly-tubular leaves are arranged in a distichous manner, growing in a single plane. The inflorescence is many-branched and colorful. Pink bracts, gray-green shading to bright blue ovaries; petals red.

3.00

quesneliana (French Guiana). Large, regular rosette of fresh-green leaves banded gray beneath, inflorescence a gray stalk with sheathing white bract leaves topped by a cylindrical head of shingled papery, rosy-red bracts dusted white, red calyx leaves, and petals white with blue edge.\*

7.50

VRIESEA

barilletii (Ecuador). Small rosette of soft green leaves tinted copper and with the smooth edge of all Vriesias; inflorescence a flattened head of spreading bracts solid purple at base to purple-spotted and yellow top; yellow flowers.\*

4.00

carinata (S. E. Brazil). 'Lobster Claws', a dainty plant with pale green foliage; flattened spike with spreading bracts deep yellow with crimson base, the yellow dotted green; flowers yellow.\*

2.00

carinata variety, with 12 in. wire-like drooping spike.

2.00

ensiformis (Bahia to Santa Catarina). Rosette with pale green leaves tinted amethyst, erect inflorescence with spreading bright red bracts, yellow flowers.

ensiformis var. conferta (Brazil). A large green-leaved

5.00

impressive plant with a tall spike with closely rounded bracts of orange-red edged with yellow. Distinctly different in aspect from typical Vriesea.

7.50

erythrodactylon (S. E. Brazil). Dense rosette with a singularly beautiful inflorescence which was found growing in low rain-forest in the moist cool Serra do Mar above Santos; flattened spike green in center, curving out to spreading, coxcomb-like rose-pink tips.\*

4.00

x 'Favorite' (ensiformis hybrid). Vigorously-growing rosette of shiny rich-green leaves; inflorescence a slender stem, usually branched, with maroon keel-shaped bracts darker than poelmannii, arranged separated along stalk, fl. yellow.\*

5.00

fenestralis (Brazil). Compact rosette of broad recurved leaves arranged spirally, yellow-green leaves ornamented by numerous dark green lines and network of cross lines, purplish circles underside; sulphur yellow flowers scattered on pale spike.\* 10 in. diameter plants.

5.00  
~~4.00~~

VRIESEA

- flammea. Species from So. America resembling somewhat Aechmea recurvata  
 var. Benrathii. 3.00
- x 'flammea'. A European hybrid of large size, 20 in. diameter with many shiny  
 green leaves. Tall floral spike in orange and red. 5.00
- x'gemma'. A free-flowering small edition of V. x 'Mariae'. 2.50
- x'gigant'. Our plants of this European hybrid developed into two types,  
 one much like Vriesea x 'Mariae' but with bright crimson bracts; the other  
 with a bold 2 ft. spike with dull red bracts. Either type very handsome  
 and free to spike. 5.00
- glutinosa (Trinidad). Forming a rosette 2 ft. in diameter of erect, arching  
 thin-leathery linear leaves 12 in. long, smooth, fresh-green to jade green  
 at base, with red-brown, more or less pronounced crossbands; inflorescence  
 with slender branches; flaming red bracts and spreading flowers.\* A very  
 fine species 6.00
- guttata (So. Brasil). Small compact rosette of glaucous bluish-green leaves  
 liberally marked with maroon spots; inflorescence a pendant, lightly flattened  
 spike of greenish beige bracts covered with silver pink bloom, flowers  
 lemon-yellow. \* 3.50
- hieroglyphica (Espiroto Santo to Parana). 'King of Bromeliads', large epiphytic  
 rosette with broad yellow-green leaves beautifully cross-banded with hieroglyphic  
 marks dark green above and purplish-brown beneath; inflorescence a tall branched  
 spike with sulphur-yellow flowers.\* 12 in. in diameter plant. ~~4.50~~ 6.50
- incurvata (S. E. Brazil). Light green rosette of soft leaves; the inflorescence on  
 a leaning stem with the bract head recurving upward, fleshy bracts red and  
 edged with yellow; flowers yellow, important asset - frost tolerant in So. Calif. 5.00
- x 'Komet'. A unique European hybrid. Sharply pointed leaves speckled with brown.  
 Bold spike is branched in yellows and orange. 4.00
- x 'Mariae'. The Painted Feather. A European-made hybrid between V. Barilletii  
 and V. carinata. Many light green leaves in a full rosette. The tall spike is  
 flattened to show bracts shading from a center section of red to chartreuse-  
 yellow at the edges. The flowers are bright yellow tubes. Colorful for months. 4.00
- x 'Morreniana'. (After Morren, not Moore.) Rosette of green leaves; coppery-  
 orange spike. 4.00
- x perfecta. Many leaved large rosette. Branched, dense spike. Floral bracts  
 red. A very handsome plant. 6.00
- petropolitana. A variable species. The spike is inflated. The orange floral  
 bracts give the appearance of a goldfish. 5.00
- philippo-coburgii (Organ Mts, Estado do Rio). 20 in. large, wide, blue-green  
 rosette, brown tipped. When flowering center rosette of small leaves turn a  
 spectacular white. Tall, orange-bracted spike. 7.50
- x poelmannii. Vigorous, shapely rosette of light green leaves, with flattened spike,  
 bracts crimson-red with greenish-yellow apex, yellow flowers.\*  
 A great European favorite. 6.00
- x poelmannii var. ramifiée. A handsome variety, with a branched spike. 6.00
- x 'polonia'. One of the outstanding Vriesea hybrids. From a dainty, green  
 rosette is produced a branched stem of very bright, as if varnished, rosy-  
 red bracts. The inflorescence is beautiful for many months. 8.50

California Jungle Gardens  
 Supplemental List of Bromeliads  
 Not Included in 1967-1968 List

Areococcus flagellifolius	\$ 2.50	Vriesea hybrid, maroon spike	\$ 3.00
Aechmea cariocae	2.50	parabaica	2.00
" cylindrata	4.00	vagans	2.50
" fulgens	2.00	x 'sanderiana'	5.00
<i>md.</i> gamesepala	3.00	fosteriana (small plants)	3.50
<i>de.</i> x miniata x Weilbachii	6.00	Guzmania lingulata var. splendens	
" x miniata x tristis	5.00	(formerly Peacockii)	5.00
" nudicaulis	2.00	Guzmania lingulata var.	
pineliana	2.50	Amazonas (Peru)	5.00
platzmannii	3.00	Guzmania sanguinea (small	
pubescens	3.00	plants) - the choice	
x 'Redwing'	5.00	Ecuadorian form)	6.00 <del>5.00</del>
x 'Tam Star'	4.50	Streptocalyx Poeppegii	5.00
bromeliaefolia	2.50	Poitaiei	5.00
caudata	2.50	longifolia	5.00
caudata - selected		Tillandsia bergeri	1.00
variegated form	5.00	cyanea	5.00
lingulata	3.00	Quesmea - a hybrid between	
Tessmannii	10.00	Aechmea and Quesnelia	5.00
fasciata purpurea	6.00		
fasciata albo-marginata	15.00		
serrata	8.00		
Bromelia balansae	5.00		
Billbergia Euphemiae	2.00		
pyramidalis var. striata	3.00		
leptopoda	1.50		
pyramidalis, selected			
'Broadview'	3.00		
Neoregelia carolinae var.			
meyendorffii	3.00		
chlorostricta	3.00		
johannis	4.00		
tristis	2.50		
tristis x carolinae	3.00		
spectabilis x pineliana	3.00		
x 'Vulcan' x			
chlorostricta	4.00		
spectabilis	2.50		
concentrica	3.50		
carolinae, brilliant			
purple suffusion	6.50		
olens	3.00		
Fascicularia bicolor	2.00		
Nidularium procerum	5.00		

Minimum order \$10.00; no packing charge.

1968

CYCADS IN SIZES PRACTICABLE TO SHIP

<u>From Australia</u>	<u>Container Size</u>	<u>Length of Leaves</u>	<u>Price</u>
Lepidozamia peroffskyana, formerly Macrozamia Denisonii	7 gal	30"	\$20.00
Macrozamia stenomera	2 gal	24"	10.00
" lucida	2 gal	8"	12.50
" Reidlei (Fraseri)	2 gal	20"	15.00
" paulii-guilielmii var. flexuosa	2 gal	24"	10.00
" heteromera	2 gal	8"	7.50
" spiralis	2 gal	8"	7.50
" Moorei	2 gal	18"	10.00
" Fawcettii	2 gal	24"	12.50
" diplomera	2 gal	10"	10.00
Bowenia spectabilis	2 gal	10"	12.50
	1 gal	10"	15.00

From Mexico

Ceratozamia "Hilda" - a newly discovered species temporarily named after the collector's wife. The leaflets are arranged in spiral groups at intervals along the petiole, producing a unique, Oriental appearance. Priced according to size.

Inquire for Dioon, Zamia, and Ceratozamia in specimen sizes.

From Africa

Encephalartos transvenosus	2 gal	24"	25.00
" gratus	2 gal	24"	25.00
" ferox	2 gal	15"	25.00
" lebomboensis	1 gal	12"	20.00

Inquire about many large exhibition specimens in a variety of species.

From Asia

Cycas siamensis	1 gal	24"	15.00
" pectinata (comb-like) - from lower Himalayan foothills	1 gal	24"	15.00
" media, Australia	2 gal	24"	20.00

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## VRIESEA

- regina* (Brazil: Distrito Federal). Giant, bold rosette of regular, elegant beauty, the broad concave, waxy green leaves densely specked with maroon dots toward base and underneath as well as along margins, pointed apex sharply recurved; inflorescence to 7 ft. high with 2-ranked spikes with rose bracts and white to yellow perfumed flowers.\* 8.50
- rodigasiana* (So. Brazil). Dwarf rosette of soft, dull green leaves with base tinged purple; inflorescence on branched stem with waxy lemon-yellow bracts and flowers.\* 4.50
- simplex* (Brazil). From a small green-leaved rosette emerges a pendant wire-like spike with widely spaced red floral bracts with yellow flowers. Resembles a section of an exotic bracelet. 2.00
- splendens* (B. Guiana). The Flaming Sword. Leathery rosette of slender bluish-green leaves marked with broad purple crossbands; underneath grayish with purple bands very bold; flower spike long and sword-shaped with flattened fiery-red bracts and yellow flowers.\* See cover page. 5.00
- splendens* 'Flammendes Schwert'. A cross between *V. splendens* 'Major' and var. *longibracteata*. 5.00
- splendens* 'illustris'. A cross between *V. splendens* (see cover page) and *V. splendens* 'Flammendes Schwert'. 5.00
- vagans* (S. E. Brazil). 'Vagabond plant', small rosette which sends out its offshoots from travelling stems, leaves light green with black bases; inflorescence a flattened spike with yellow and red bracts and yellow flowers. 3.50

## WITTROCKIA

- superba* (S. E. Brazil). Large robust, well-formed rosette with leathery concave, yellow-green, waxy leaves tinged bronze and occasionally blotched dark green tipped by a crimson-red pointed apex, margins with prominent reddish teeth; the green inflorescence a cup as in *Nidularium* but slightly raised, with petals blue but completely enclosed by the sepals. Syn. *Nidularium splendens*.\* 6.00

\*Where the plant name is followed by an asterisk the description has been taken by permission from EXOTICA 3, by Alfred Graf. This monumental pictorial Cyclopeda has 7,000 photographs, 231 in color, and countless drawings and descriptions. For sale by Julius Roehrs Company, Rutherford, New Jersey.

Every plant lover with a sunny window or a small glass house, or who lives in the semi-tropics, should have at least one dwarf banana. These plants are beautiful and graceful ornaments. Their wide green leaves contrast nicely with brightly colored bracts and fruits. They can be flowered in eight inch pots and are really dwarfs. In the Victorian age in Europe they were called table bananas as the entire fruiting plant was used to decorate a banquet table. All of these bananas have multiple stems and form small, pretty clumps.

For shipping, tubers or "stools" are sent, as the fragile banana leaves would be ruined in transit. Fully-leaved plants are available at the nursery.

THE TRUE DWARF BANANAS:

- Musa coccinea (South China) .....\$ 7.50  
Scarlet bracts, light green leaves.
- Musa sanguinea (Upper Burma) .....\$10.00  
Red bracts — a handsome plant.
- Musa x velutina (Upper Burma) .....\$10.00  
A beautiful hybrid with burgandy-red bracts and fruit;  
red along the petiole margins of leaves.
- Musa Mannii (Upper Burma) .....\$10.00  
Pink racts; black-flecked thin trunks.
- Musa Beccari (Borneo) .....\$10.00  
By far the most dwarf of any and probably the first  
entry into horticulture.
- Musa velutina (Upper Burma) .....\$7.50  
Velvety fruit of shocking pink color.

Join the Bromeliad Society. Send \$5.00 to membership secretary, Mrs. Jeanne Woodbury, 1811 Edgecliff Drive, Los Angeles, Calif. 90026. Receive the only magazine devoted to bromeliads.

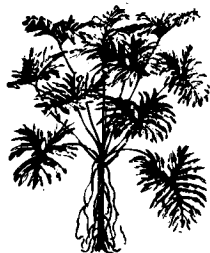


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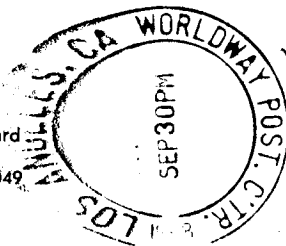
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